



# Peoples Bank

## PEOPLES BANK

### PUBLIC DISCLOSURES

(RESIDENTIAL MORTGAGE UNDERWRITING PRACTICES)

As at March 31, 2022

---

#### Disclosure Policy

This document represents the Office of the Superintendent of Financial Institutions (“OSFI”) B-20 Residential Mortgage Underwriting Practices and Procedures Guideline disclosures for Peoples Bank of Canada (“PBC”). These disclosures are made to allow market participants greater transparency, clarity and public confidence in PBC’s residential mortgage underwriting operations.

These disclosures are published under the Regulatory Disclosures section of PBC’s website and shall be made on a quarterly basis.

This report is subject to internal review but has not been audited by PBC’s external auditors.

#### Specific Disclosure relating to Mortgages

For residential mortgages, a combination of lending policy criteria, lending guidelines, and underwriting are utilized in the credit application approval process. The primary factors considered are affordability, credit and employment history, nature of income, quality of the collateral, and Loan-to-Value (“LTV”) of the residential property. For purposes of these disclosures, a “residential mortgage” means any loan to an individual that is secured by residential property (one to four-unit dwellings). PBC does not presently offer home equity lines of credit. The LTV Ratio is an evaluation of the amount of collateral value that can be used to support the loan.

An analysis of the amount and percentage of the total residential mortgage loans that are insured versus uninsured, grouped by geographic concentration, are set out in the table below. For purposes of this section, the term “insured” means those residential mortgages which are insured by CMHC against borrower default (*depicts actual numbers*).

Type/Province	As at March 31 2022				
	Uninsured		Insured		Total
	Remaining Principal	Uninsured %	Remaining Principal	Insured %	
British Columbia	116,101,916	29.09%	212,606	3.27%	116,314,522
Alberta	0	0.00%	1,629,791	25.05%	1,629,791
Ontario	283,073,956	70.91%	4,281,301	65.81%	287,355,257
Quebec	0	0.00%	285,786	4.39%	285,786
Manitoba	0	0.00%	0	0.00%	0
Saskatchewan	0	0.00%	95,761	1.47%	95,761
<b>Total</b>	<b>399,175,872</b>	<b>100.00%</b>	<b>6,505,245</b>	<b>100.00%</b>	<b>405,681,116</b>

The following table provides the percentage of residential mortgages categorized by amortization period.

Amortization	As at March 31 2022	
	Remaining Principal	%
Interest only	2,259,074	0.56%
Under 20 years	0	0.00%
20 to <25 years	1,043,716	0.26%
25 to <30 years	25,434,043	6.27%
30 to <35 years	376,944,283	92.92%
35 years and greater	0	0.00%
<b>Total</b>	<b>405,681,116</b>	<b>100.00%</b>

The table below shows the average LTV Ratio for total newly originated uninsured residential mortgages at the end of Q1, grouped by geographic location.

LTV Ratio	Q1 2022	
	Principal Amount	Average LVR %
British Columbia	10,887,393	64.30%
Ontario	12,603,979	71.07%
<b>Total</b>	<b>23,491,372</b>	

In the event of an economic downturn, the potential impact on the company's residential mortgages is deemed to be low as the uninsured portfolio is conservatively underwritten, limited to select markets and has an average LTV of 63.14%. The residential mortgage portfolio is well secured and operating well below the maximum LTV limit of 80%.

E&OE